

Goldenrod

Goldenrod is considered native to the United States. It can be seen in dry, moderate moisture, wet, woods, meadows, prairies, shores. Groups of Goldenrod flowers are often clustered on the top edge of the branches near or at the top of the plant. The flower heads bloom in a broad pyramidal cluster, elongated or flattish clusters.

Botanical Name: Soldiago gigantea

Height: 2-3 feet

Leaves: Narrow, rough and scratchy, pointed at both ends,

stalkless, sharply toothed, and 3-veined.

Flower Form: Goldenrod inflorescence is a 10 inches open spreading cluster with the heads mostly along one side. Groups of Goldenrod flowers are often clustered on the top edge of the branches near or at the top of the plant.

Flower Color: Yellow, but sometimes has cream-colored or white rays.

Fruit: Short-hairy dry seed.

Blooming period: July-October

Soil: Sand to clay

Sun Exposure: Partial Shade/Full Sun

For more information:

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